

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

REPORTS TO THE SURGEON GENERAL, UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

PLAGUE.

RECORD OF PLAGUE INFECTION.

Places.	Date of last case of human plague.	Date of last case of rat plague.	Date of last case of squirrel plague.	Total number rodents found infected since May, 1907.	
California:					
Cities—	T 00 4000	0 . 00			
San Francisco		Oct. 23, 1908	None	398 rats.	
Oakland		Dec. 1, 1908	do	126 rats.	
Berkeley	Aug. 28, 1907	None	do	None.	
Los Angeles	Aug. 11, 1908	do	Aug. 21, 1908	1 squirrel.	
Counties—			_		
Alameda (exclusive of	Sept. 24, 1909		Sept. 10, 1912		
Oakland and Berke-		wood rat.		wood rat.	
ley).			_		
Contra Costa		None		1,120 squirrels.	
Fresno	None	do	Oct. 27, 1911	1 squirrel.	
Merced	do	do	July 12, 1911	5 squirrels.	
Monterey	do	do	Aug. 6, 1911	6 squirrels.	
San Benito	June 5, 1910	do	June 8, 1911	22 squirrels.	
San Joaquin	Sept. 18, 1911	do	Aug. 26, 1911	18 squirrels.	
San Luis Obispo	None	do	Jan. 29, 1910	1 squirrel.	
Santa Clara	Aug. 31, 1910	do	Oct. 5, 1910	23 squirrels.	
Santa Clara	None	do	May 17, 1910	3 squirrels.	
Stanislaus	do	do	June 2, 1911	13 squirrels	
Louisiana:				_	
City—					
New Orleans	do	July 27, 1912	None	1 rat.	
Washington :					
City—					
Seattle	Oct. 30, 1907	Sept. 21, 1911	do	25 rats.	

RATS COLLECTED AND EXAMINED FOR PLAGUE INFECTION.

Places.	Week ended—	Found dead.	Total collected.	Exam- ined.	Found infected.
California: Cities— Berkeley. Oakland. San Francisco.	Nov. 2, 1912dodo	2 8 14	1 176 2 653 3 1,919	117 549 1,541	

SQUIRRELS COLLECTED AND EXAMINED FOR PLAGUE INFECTION CALIFORNIA.

During the week ended November 2, 1912, there were examined for plague infection 3 ground squirrels from Alameda County, 220 from Contra Costa County, 96 from San Joaquin County, 34 from Stanislaus County, and 60 from Santa Clara County. No plague-infected squirrel was found.

(1936)

Identified: Mus norvegicus, 135; Mus musculus, 41.
 Identified: Mus norvegicus, 567; Mus musculus, 86.
 Identified: Mus norvegicus, 1,094; Mus alexandrinus, 227; Mus rattus, 310; Mus musculus, 288.